## Problem of the Week Problem C and Solution Square On

## Problem

ABCD is a square with area 64 m<sup>2</sup>. E, F, G, and H are points on sides AB, BC, CD, and DA, respectively, such that AE = BF = CG = DH = 2 m. E, F, G, and H are connected to form square EFGH. Determine the area of EFGH.

## Solution

The area of square ABCD is 64 m<sup>2</sup>. Therefore the side lengths are 8 m since  $8 \times 8 = 64$  and the area is calculated by multiplying the length and the width.

Each of the smaller parts of the sides of square ABCD are 2 m so the longer parts of the sides are 8 - 2 = 6 m.

Approach #1 to finding the area of square EFGH

In right  $\triangle HAE$ , AE = 2 and AH = 6. We can use one side as the base and the other as the height in the calculation of the area of the triangle since they are perpendicular to each other. Therefore the area of  $\triangle HAE = \frac{AE \times AH}{2} = \frac{2 \times 6}{2} = 6 \text{ m}^2$ . Since each of the triangles has the same base length and height, their areas are equal and the total area of the four triangles is  $4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ m}^2$ .

The area of square EFGH can be determined by subtracting the area of the four triangles from the area of square ABCD. Therefore the area of square  $EFGH = 64 - 24 = 40 \text{ m}^2$ .

Approach #2 to finding the area of square EFGH

Some students may be familiar with the Pythagorean Theorem. This theorem states that in a right triangle, the square of the length of the hypotenuse (the longest side) is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides. The longest side is located opposite the right angle.

In right  $\triangle HAE$ , AE = 2, AH = 6 and HE is the hypotenuse. Therefore,

$$HE^{2} = AE^{2} + AH^{2}$$
$$= 2^{2} + 6^{2}$$
$$= 4 + 36$$
$$= 40$$
Taking the square root,  $HE = \sqrt{40}$  m

But EFGH is a square so all of its side lengths equal  $\sqrt{40}$ . The area is calculated by multiplying the length and the width. The area of  $EFGH = \sqrt{40} \times \sqrt{40} = 40 \text{ m}^2$ .

Therefore the area of square EFGH is 40 m<sup>2</sup>.



